FINANCING FOR GENDER EQUALITY

African Development Bank – UN Women Steering Committee Meeting

Gender and Fragility in Bank's strategic frameworks

	High 5s	Gender Strategy 2021- 2025	
 Bank's Ten Year Strategy Twin Objective : Accelerating inclusive green growth in Africa Driving prosperous and resilient economies in Africa Gender and Fragility as crosscutting 	 integrating the cross- cutting theme of Gender. Light up Africa Feed Africa Industrialize Africa Integrate Africa Improve the Quality of Life of the People of Africa 	Tailored approaches in fragile contexts: recognizing that drivers of fragility, conflict and violence are complex, multi-dimensional, interlinked and evolving and that women and men are affected differently in fragile settings.	

Targeted initiatives



GENDER EQUALITY TRUST FUND

- There is considerable evidence and broad international agreement that advancing gender equality helps reduce poverty and supports inclusive growth.
- Unless Africa invests appropriately in gender equality, it will lose out on precious economic growth potential and thus fail to attain the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Beyond traditional mainstreaming the Bank has already committed itself to, targeted financing is required for transformative outcomes through: (i) the delivery of the Affirmative Finance Action for Women in Africa (AFAWA) as well as (ii) gender transformative5 lending and non-lending operations across the continent
- The Gender Equality Trust Fund (GETF) is designed to effectively complement and reinforce these commitments, as well as support high impact interventions for women and girls

Component 1: Delivering of the AFAWA programme through collaborations with implementing partners/recipients such as the Africa Guarantee Fund (AGF) and UN Women

- Technical assistance to Financial Institutions (FIs)
- Capacity building services to WEBs

GETF / AFAWA

• Policy Dialogue to Improve the Enabling Environment

Component 2: Delivering gender transformative lending and non-lending operations in collaboration with partners and services providers for:

- Development of high impact operations
- Targeted economic and sector work and technical assistance to inform gender responsive policies and national development plans, strategies and programmes in RMCs and at the regional level

TRANSITION SUPPORT FACILITY

- Under the operationalization of its 2022-26 Strategy for Addressing Fragility and Building Resilience in Africa, the Bank is committed to scaling up its engagement to tackle fragility and build resilience in the continent.
- The Bank's broad objective is to assist countries and regions to (i) avoid a worsening of fragility, (ii) transition to greater stability and resilience, (iii) lay the foundations for durable peace, and (iv) achieve the strategic twin objectives of inclusive and green growth within the umbrella of the Bank's TYS.
- Transition countries as per Bank definition: Burkina Faso; Burundi, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, DRC, Eritrea, the Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Mozambique, Niger, Sao Tome & Principe, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Zimbabwe.

O TRANSITION SUPPORT FACILITY

Transition Support Facility 1: prevention envelope.

It adopts a results-driven approach that focuses on preventive interventions to address fragility and conflict, aiming for scaled up results and greater impact for lasting resilience. By addressing root causes proactively, the approach emphasizes the importance of preventing crises rather than responding to them.

2nd CFP until August 10th

Transition Support Facility (TSF) Pillar III: This is the targeted assistance window.

The minimum amount per project is UA 1 million, whereas the maximum amount will depend on the regional scope, i.e., number of benefiting countries, and readiness of implementation of the project, but should not exceed UA 5 million

CLIMATE ACTION WINDOW

- The CAW is structured around three sub-windows:
 - 75 % will finance Adaptation action in line with Africa's most urgent priorities;
 - 15 % will support Mitigation, and
 - 10% will be used to deliver **Technical Assistance**
- The Mitigation and Adaptation Investment Sub-windows will support projects across six thematic sectors: agriculture and food security; water security; climate information and early warning; green transport and infrastructure; green energy and energy efficiency; and green finance. The Technical Assistance component will help countries develop national climate policies and strategies, enhance the environment for climate investments, and prepare the way for investment-ready projects.



Mitigation window: Projects financed under this subwindow must be aligned with the Paris Agreement, aiming to reduce or avoid greenhouse gas emissions or enhance the sinks that accumulate and store them. The goal is to promote approaches that foster low GHG growth pathways.

Closing date for this 2nd call is July 8th

Adaptation window:

These adaptation projects must reduce underlying causes of climate vulnerability at the systemic level and/or remove knowledge, capacity, technological, and other barriers to adaptation. Furthermore, adaptation should be the primary objective of the project.